Name		Date
Ms. Schmidt		Pre-Calculus
Solving Qua	dratics by Completing the Square and	l the Quadratic Formula
What is the standard form of	a quadratic equation?	
Put the quadratics in standard	form and identify a, b, and c.	
$1.\ 3x^2 + 5x - 2 = 0$	$2. x^2 = -2x + 7$	$3. x^2 + 6x = 15$

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

6)

Examples:

1)
$$-x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0$$

2)
$$2x^2 - 5 = 3x$$

Solving Quadratics using the Quadratic Formula

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)
- 5)

Examples:

1)
$$2x^2 - 4x = 1$$

2)
$$x^2 = 6x + 3$$

Practice: Solve each of the following quadratic equations by completing the square.

1)
$$x^2 + 14 - 15 = 0$$

$$2) x^2 + 6x = -8$$

$$3) k^2 + 23 = 12k$$

4)
$$3x^2 = -4 + 8x$$

Solve each of the following quadratic equations by using the quadratic formula.

$$5) \ 3v^2 = 8v + 128$$

$$6) -5n^2 = -18 - 3n$$

7)
$$7m^2 = -2 - 7m$$

8)
$$6x^2 = 22 + x$$

Solve each of the following quadratic equations using factoring when possible. Otherwise, use the quadratic equation.

9)
$$3u^3 + 375 = 0$$

10)
$$9r^2 + 7r + 8 = -4 + 8$$

11)
$$-5x = x^2 - 6$$

12)
$$p^2 - 5p = 0$$

$$13) x^3 - 27 = 0$$

$$14) x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 8 = 0$$