

Lesson 5.2- SWBAT simplify numerical radicals.

Kick off- Simplify each of the following:

1) $\sqrt{175}$
 $\sqrt{25 \cdot 7} = 5\sqrt{7}$

2) $\sqrt{36}$
 6

3) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = 3x + 2$
 $y = 3x + 2$
 $x = \frac{y-2}{3}$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-2}{3}$

4) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$
 $x = 2(y + 1)$
 $f^{-1}(x) = 2(x + 1)$

Perfect Squares
 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100

To Simplify a Radical (Simplest Radical Form)

- Find the factors of the inside number and one of the factors must be a perfect square.
- Split the inside numbers into two different radicals
- The perfect square first and then the other factor.
- Take the square root of the perfect square and if there is a number on the outside multiply it to the number.

Examples: Put each of the following in simplest radical form.

1) $\sqrt{24}$
 $\sqrt{4 \cdot 6} = 2\sqrt{6}$

2) $\sqrt{36}$
 6

3) $\sqrt{40}$
 $\sqrt{4 \cdot 10} = 2\sqrt{10}$

4) $\sqrt{8}$
 $\sqrt{4 \cdot 2} = 2\sqrt{2}$

5) $2\sqrt{99}$

6) $2\sqrt{28}$

Homework

1) $3\sqrt{2}$ 2) $5\sqrt{6}$ 3) 4
 4) $4\sqrt{6}$ 5) $2\sqrt{2}$ 6) $2\sqrt{5}$
 7) $8\sqrt{5}$ 8) $7\sqrt{2}$

7) Simplify: $\sqrt{64}$

8) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x + 2$

9) Simplify: $2\sqrt{32}$

10) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = -6x + 1$

① Change $f(x)$ to y
 ② Switch x and y
 ③ Solve for y
 ④ Change y to $f^{-1}(x)$

11) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = 4x + 7$

12) Simplify: $3\sqrt{50}$

13) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x - 5$

14) Simplify: $5\sqrt{40}$

15) Simplify: $4\sqrt{9}$

16) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = -2x + 6$

17) Simplify: $3\sqrt{175}$

18) Simplify: $\sqrt{125}$

19) Simplify: $4\sqrt{200}$

20) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ when $f(x) = x + 2$